

# Recent Advances in High Baud Rate IM/DD and Coherent Transmission

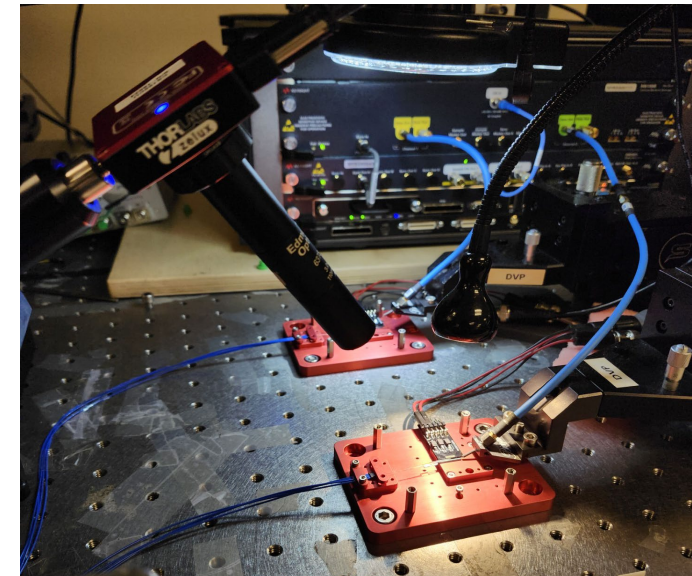
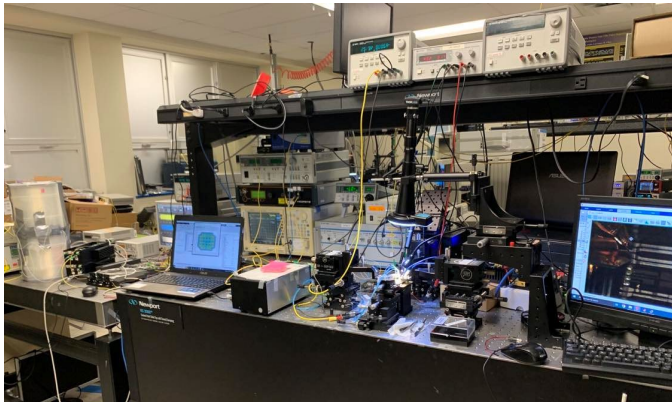
## *The Team*

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[www.photonics.ece.mcgill.ca/Plant/Plant.html](http://www.photonics.ece.mcgill.ca/Plant/Plant.html)

FRONT Workshop  
November 10, 2024



# Optical Fiber Transmission Systems – A Context



Applications	Reach; Band (nm)	Transmission Systems, Enabling Transceiver Technologies
<b>Data Center Interconnects, Metro, Regional, and Long-Haul Networks</b>	10 – 1000 km	Coherent transmission, w/w <sub>out</sub> Erbium Doped Fiber Amplifiers, point-to- point/multipoint
<b>5/6G Xhaul, Intra-Data Center Interconnects, Hyperscale Data Center Interconnects</b>	0.5 – 80 km	Direct detection and coherent detection based transmission, no amplification, point-to-point
<b>Enabling Transceiver Technologies</b>	All reaches	Transceiver elements (e.g., electro-optic modulators, photodiodes)

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C-Band	O-Band
IM/DD	IM/DD
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Center Interconnects,  
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# Summary of 2022/2023/2024 Experimental Results



Link Architecture	Modulator Technology	Modulation Format	Reach (km)	FEC OH (%)	Net Bit Rate
IM/DD	EML	120 Gbaud PAM-4	80	20% SD	200 Gbps
IM/DD	TFLN (O-band)	172 Gbaud PS PAM-8	10	20% SD	400 Gbps
IM/DD (DWDM4)	TFLN (O-band)	160 Gbaud PAM8	10	20% SD	1.6 Tbps
Coherent	SiP (C-Band)	105 Gbaud DP-64 QAM	80	25% SD	1.0 Tbps
Coherent	TFLN (O-band)	167 Gbaud DP-64 QAM	10	25% SD	1.6 Tbps
IM/DD (DWDM; 26 $\lambda$ s )	TFLN (O-band with QD MLL comb source)	56 Gbaud PAM4	10	6.7% HD	2.73 Tbps
Coherent (DWDM; 26 $\lambda$ s )	TFLN (O-band with QD MLL comb source)	56 Gbaud DP-32 QAM	10	20% SD	12.14 Tbps

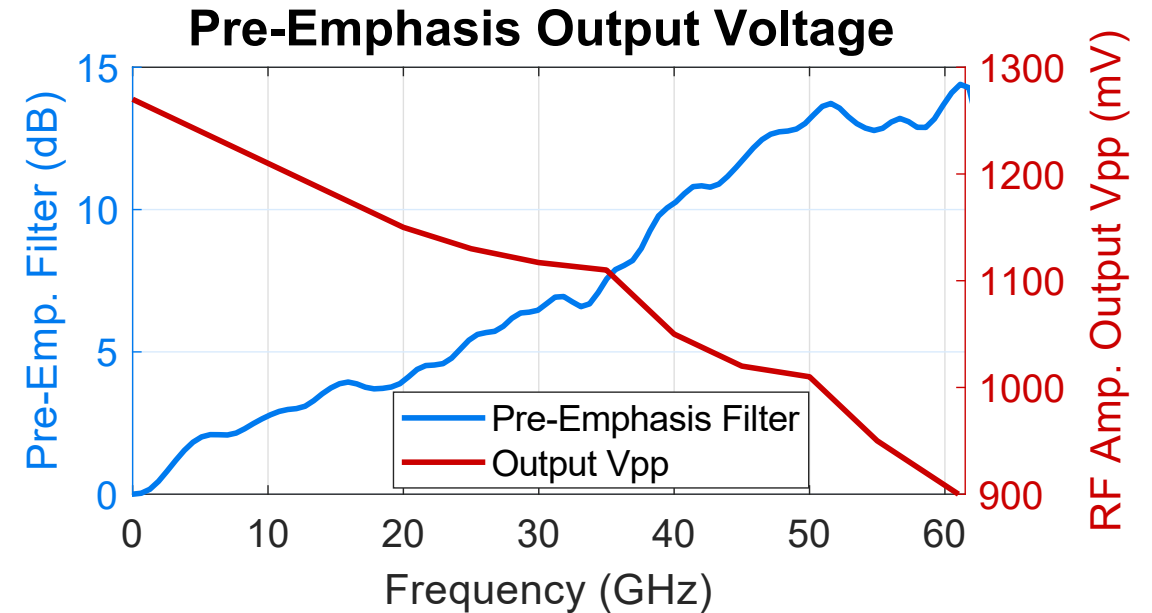
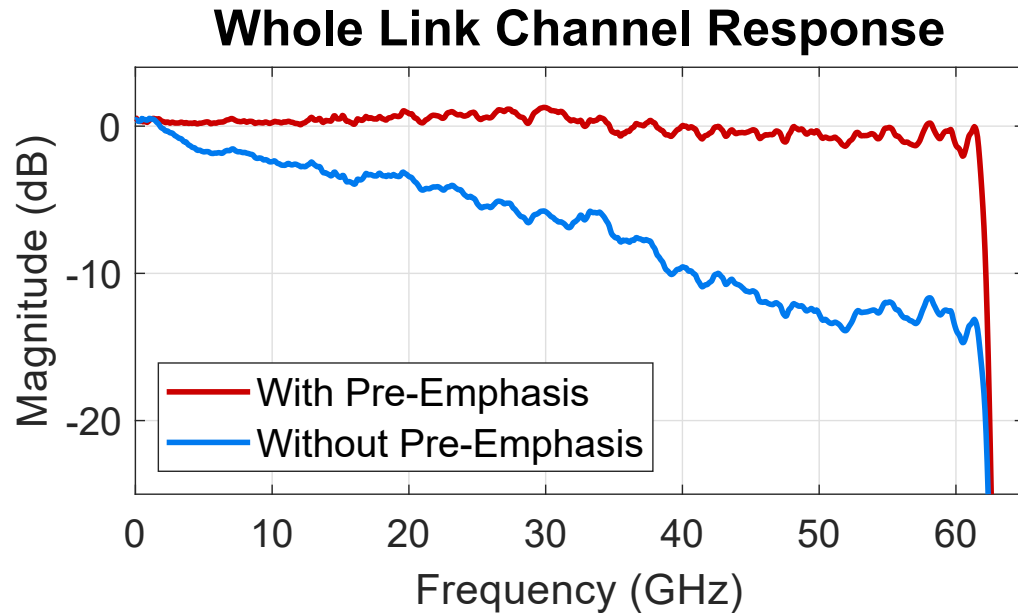
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Net 200 Gbps O-band IM/DD transmission over 80 km SMF using InP EML with sub 1-V<sub>pp</sub> driving signal and QD-SOA

# Full Link Pre-emphasis



## Without Pre-emphasis:

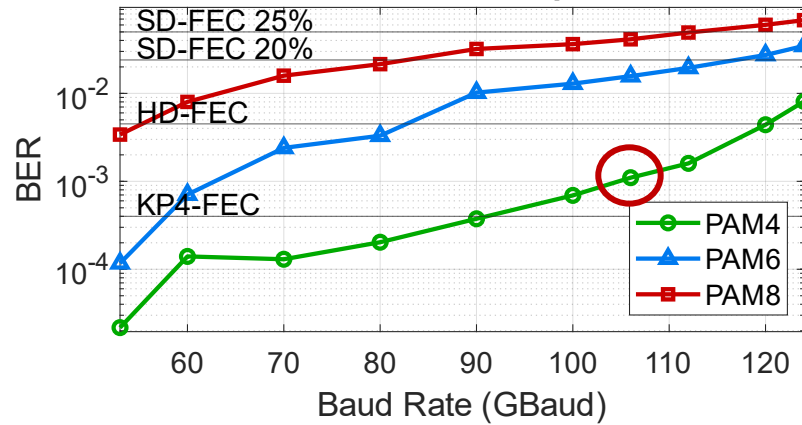
- Relative RF loss: 13.84 dB
- Output RF swing: 1250 m Vpp

## With Pre-emphasis:

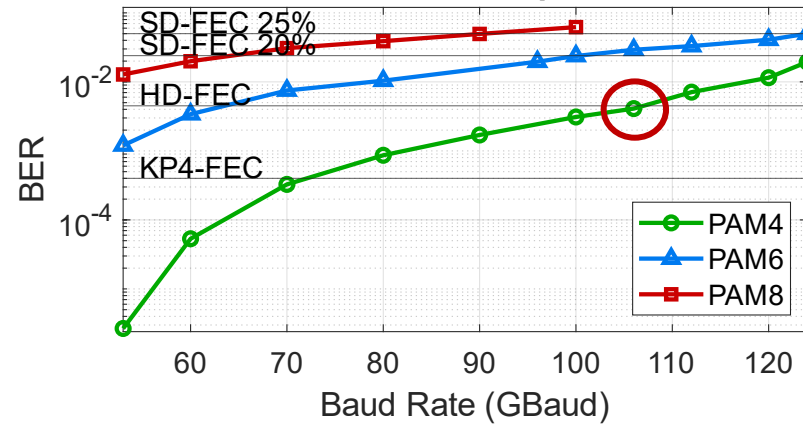
- Relative RF loss: 1 dB, a flat gain spectrum for the whole bandwidth
- Output RF swing: 950 m Vpp, meeting the low driving swing requirement of the EML

# Transmission Results and Eye Diagrams

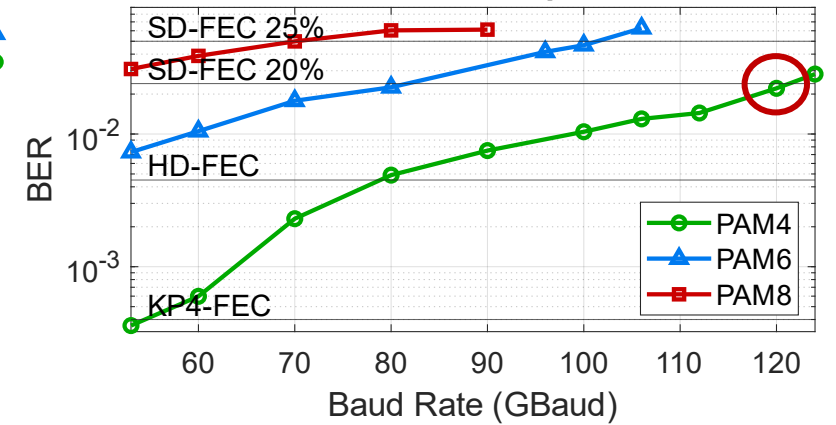
### IM/DD Results | B2B



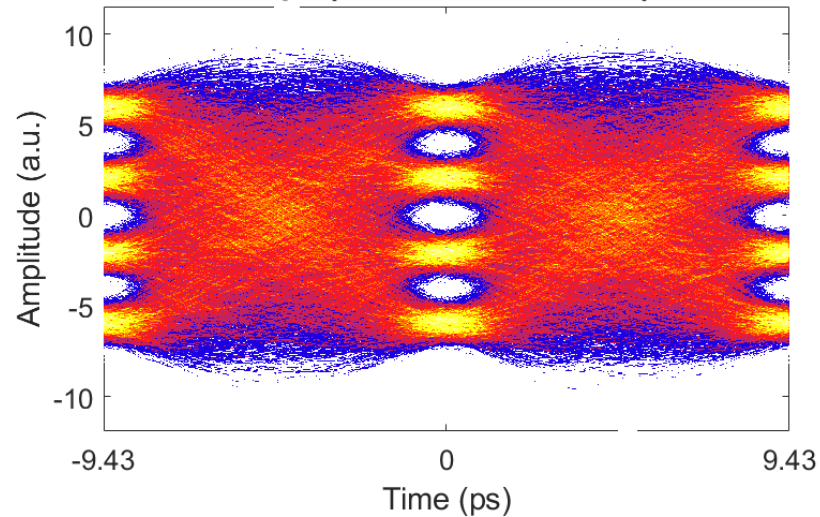
### IM/DD Results | 40 km



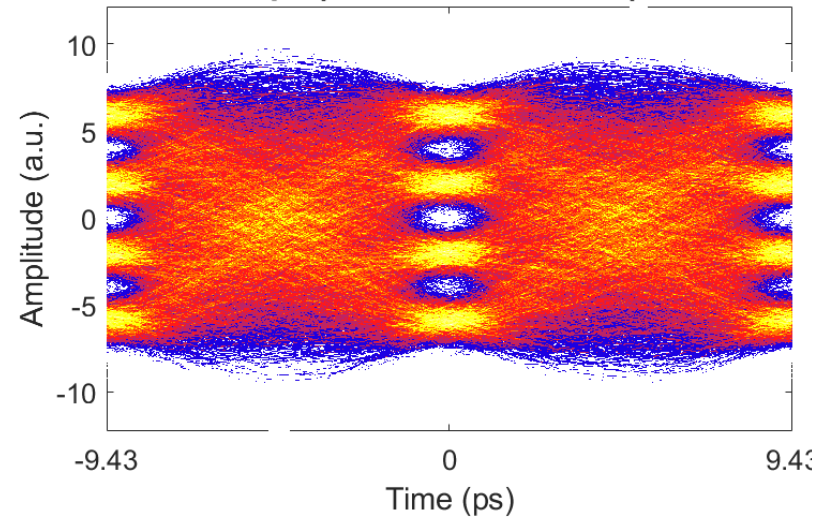
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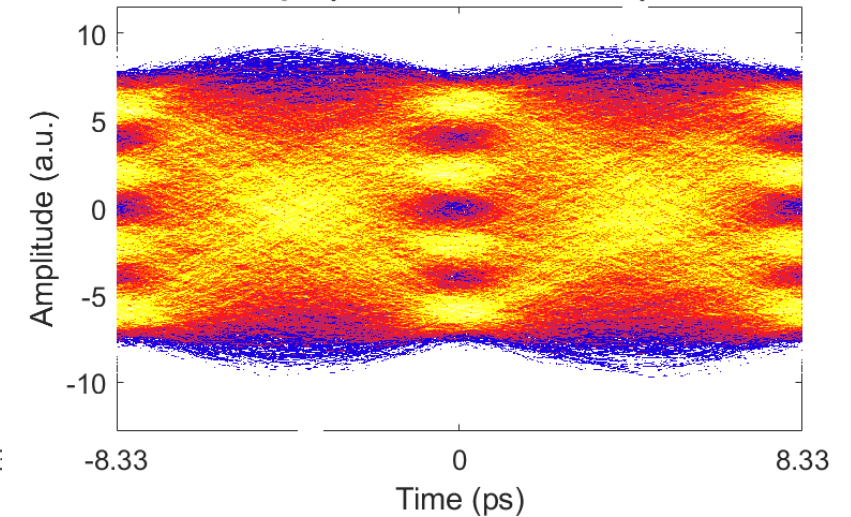
### 200 Gbps | PAM4 106 Gbaud | B2B



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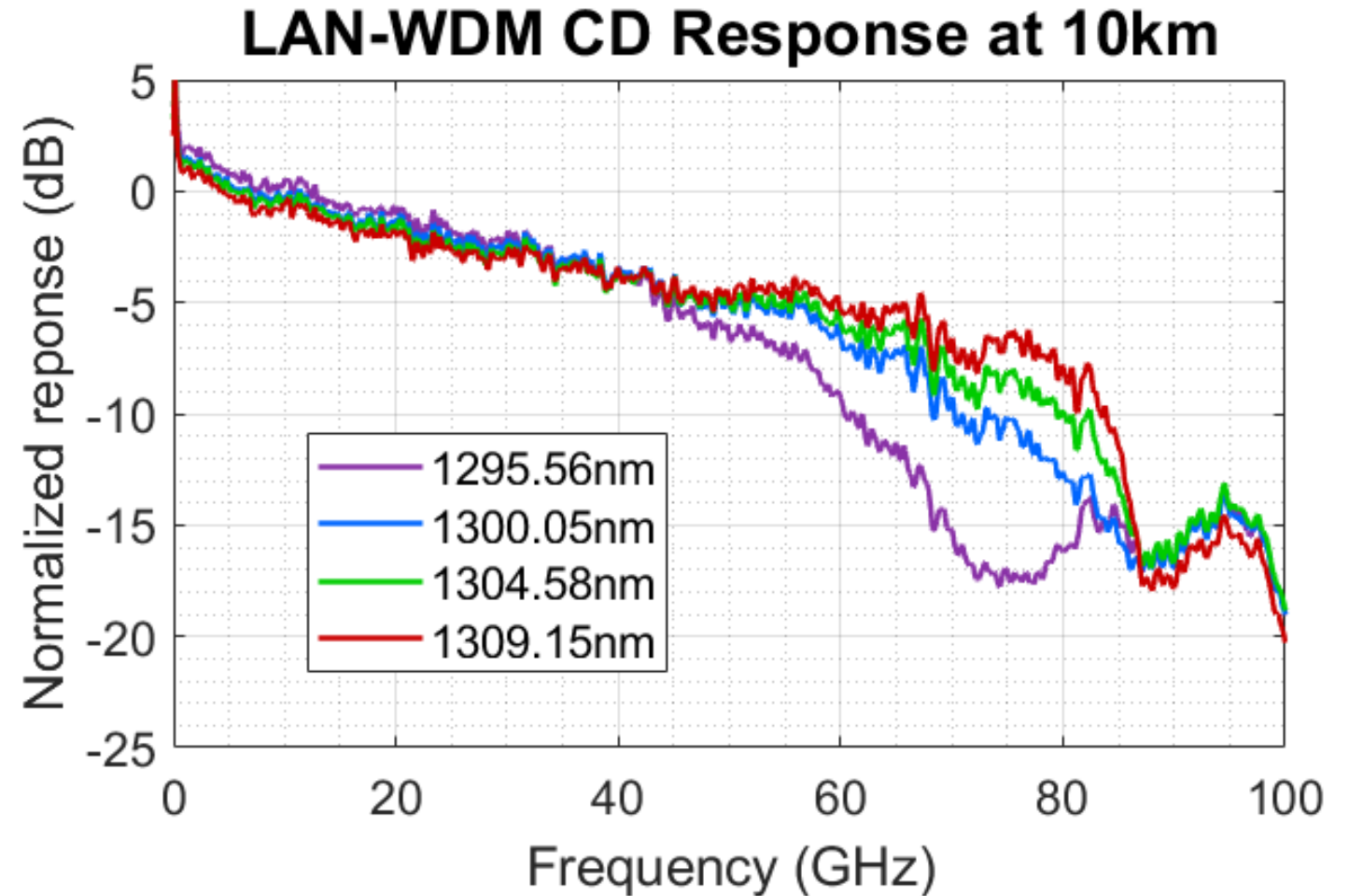
### 200 Gbps | PAM4 120 Gbaud | 80 km



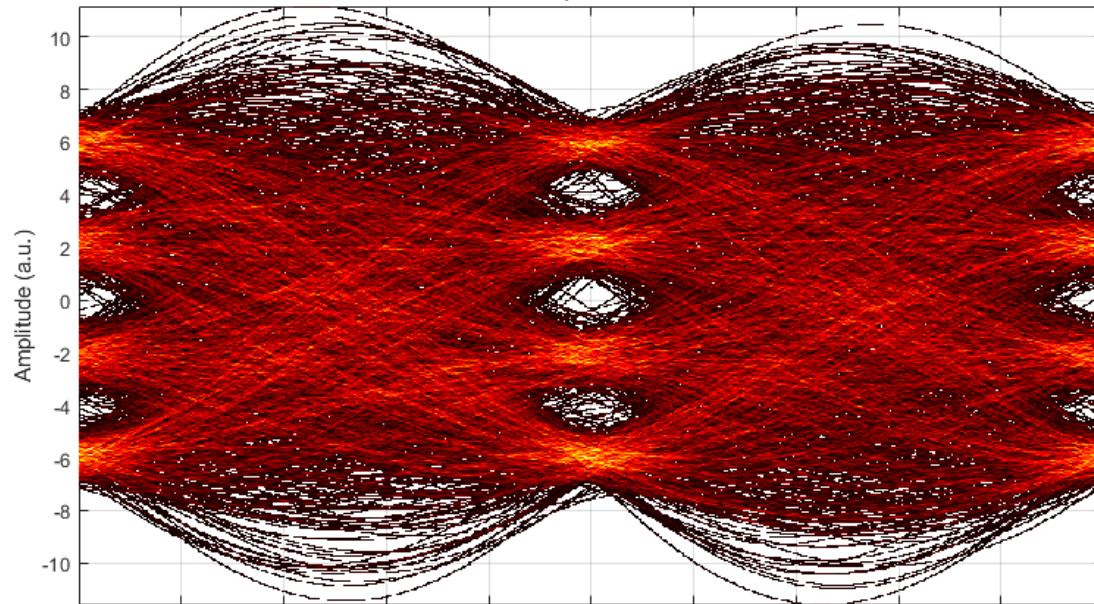
Net 1.6 Tbps ( $4 \times 400 \text{ Gbps}/\lambda$ ) O-Band IM/DD  
Transmission Over 2 km Using Uncooled DFB Lasers on  
the LAN-WDM grid and Sub-1 V Drive TFLN Modulators

# Measured Chromatic Dispersion

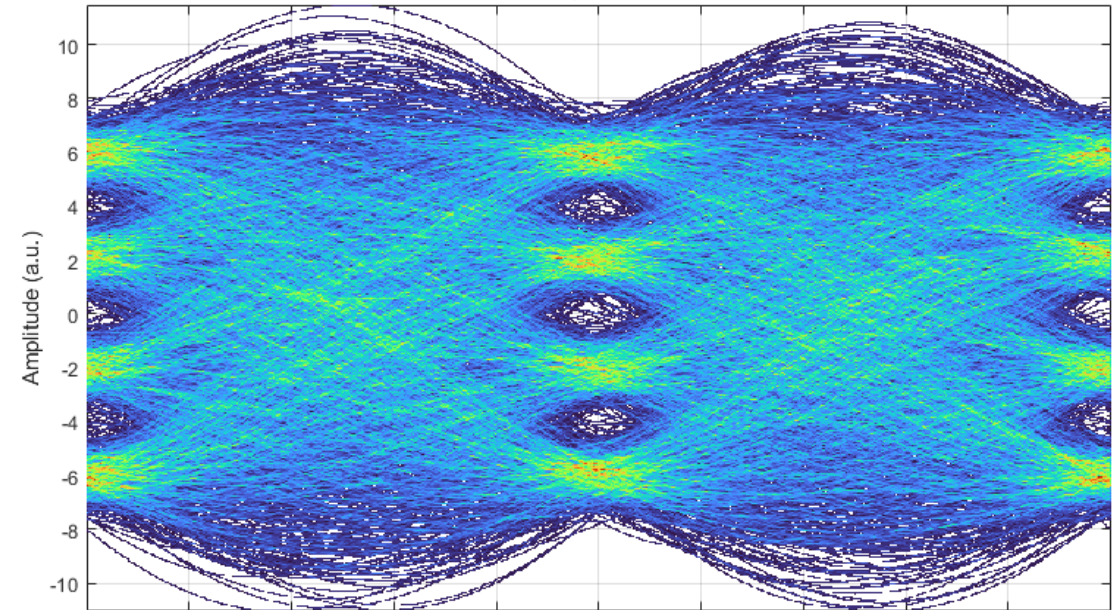
- $\lambda_0 = 1310$  nm for these experiments
- For 3 wavelengths, PNLE can be used to mitigate some CD
- At 1295.56 nm CD induced power fading is severe, and limits modulation bandwidths to  $\sim 65$  GHz



## Electrical Eye (from AWG) 190Gbaud PAM4



## Optical B2B Eye 190Gbaud PAM4

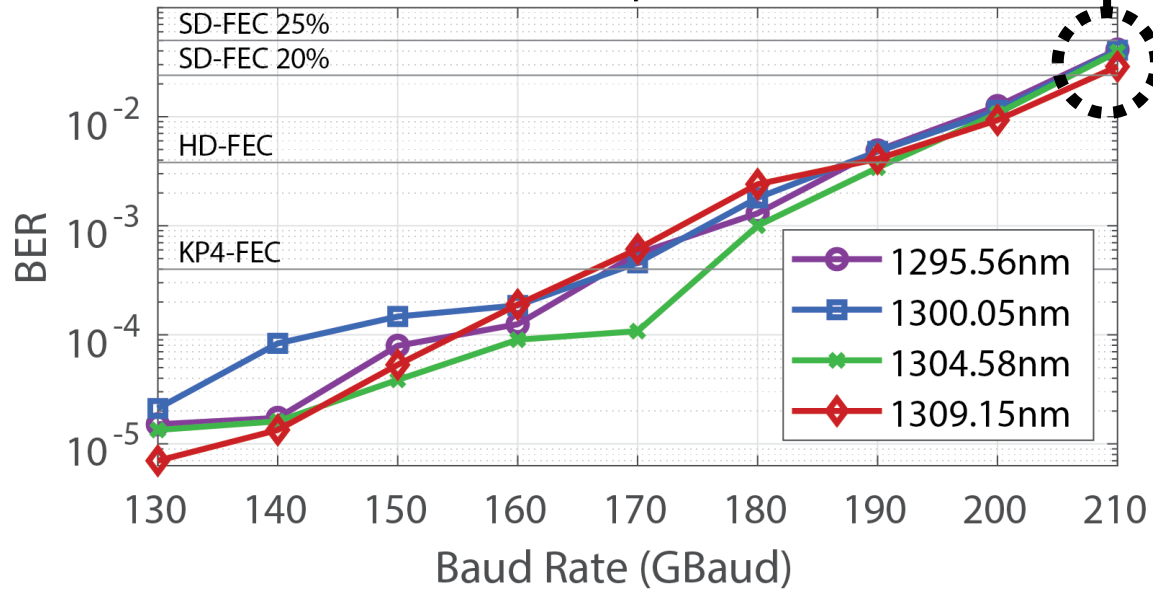


# PAM Results

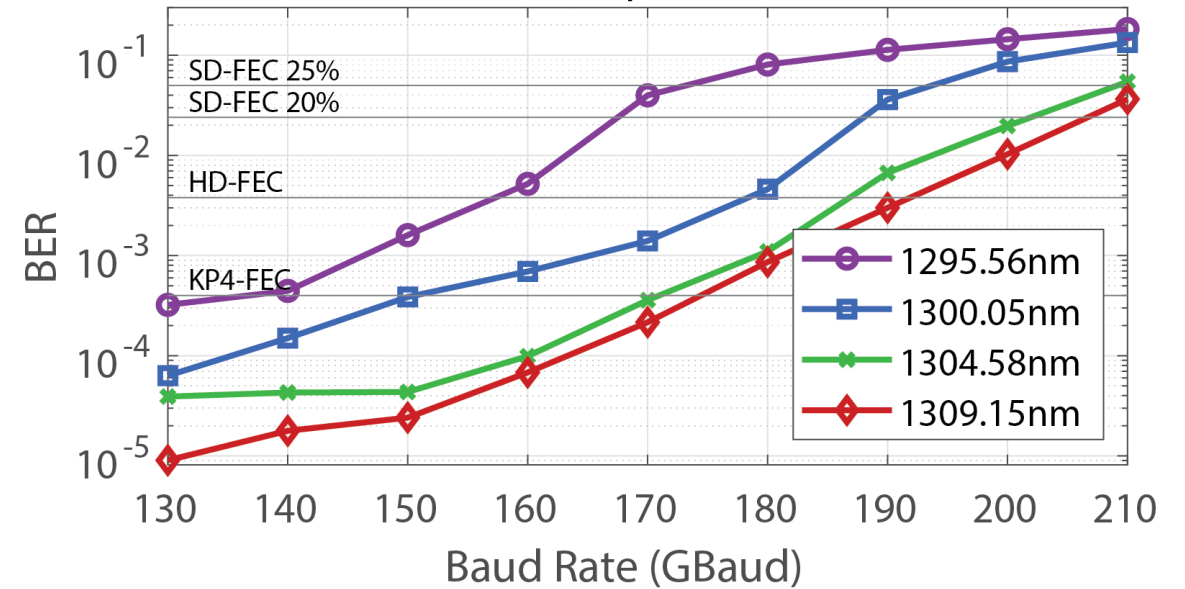
Net 1.33 Tbps  
(4 x 336 Gbps/ $\lambda$ )  
210 Gbaud PAM4

At 1295.56 nm CD  
severely limits the baud  
rate at 10km

PAM4 | 2km



PAM4 | 10km



# PAM8 Results

Net 1.72T (4 x 432G)  
180 Gbaud PAM8

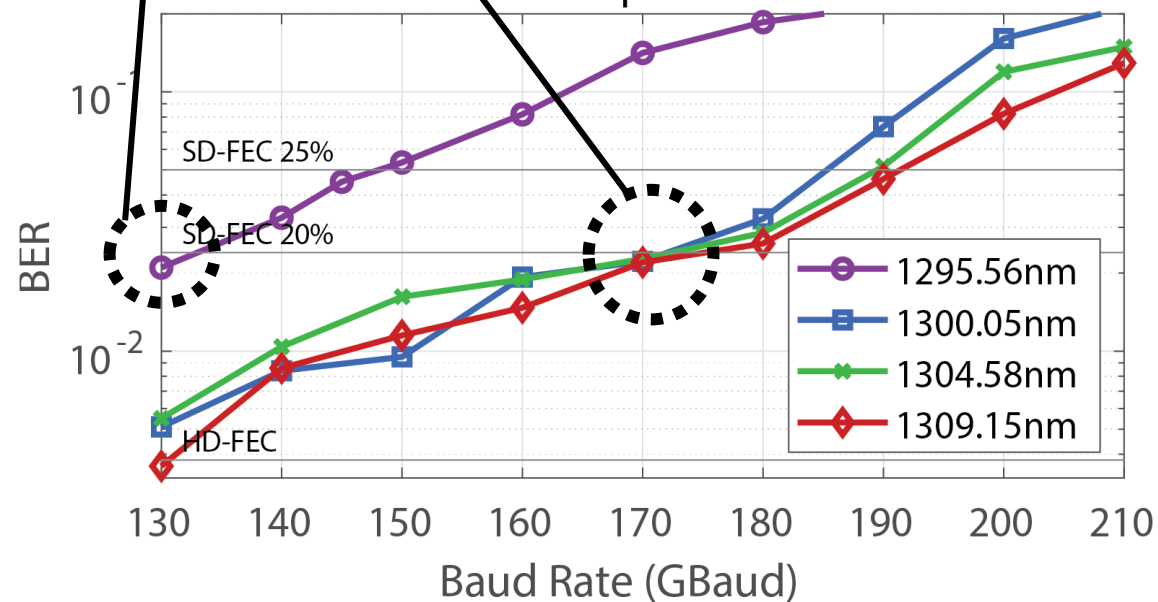
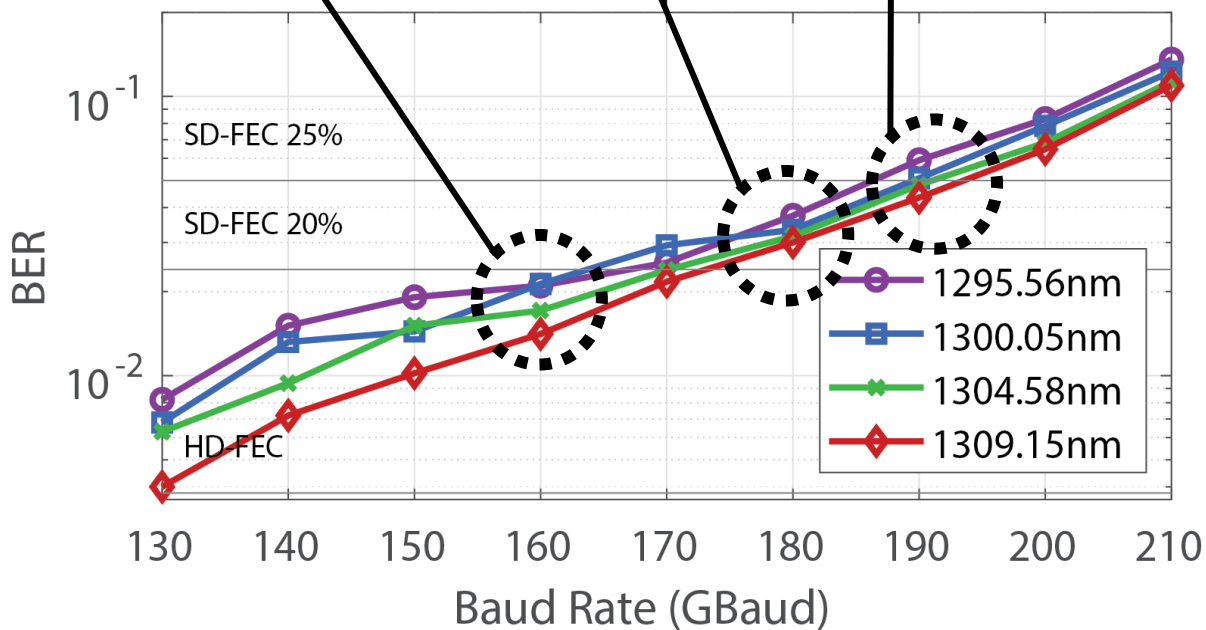
456Gbps @ 1304  
and 1309 nm

Net 1.6T (4 x 400G)  
160 Gbaud PAM8

PAM8 | 2km

325 Gbps @ 1295 nm  
425 Gbps @ remaining } Net 1.6 Tbps

PAM8 | 10km



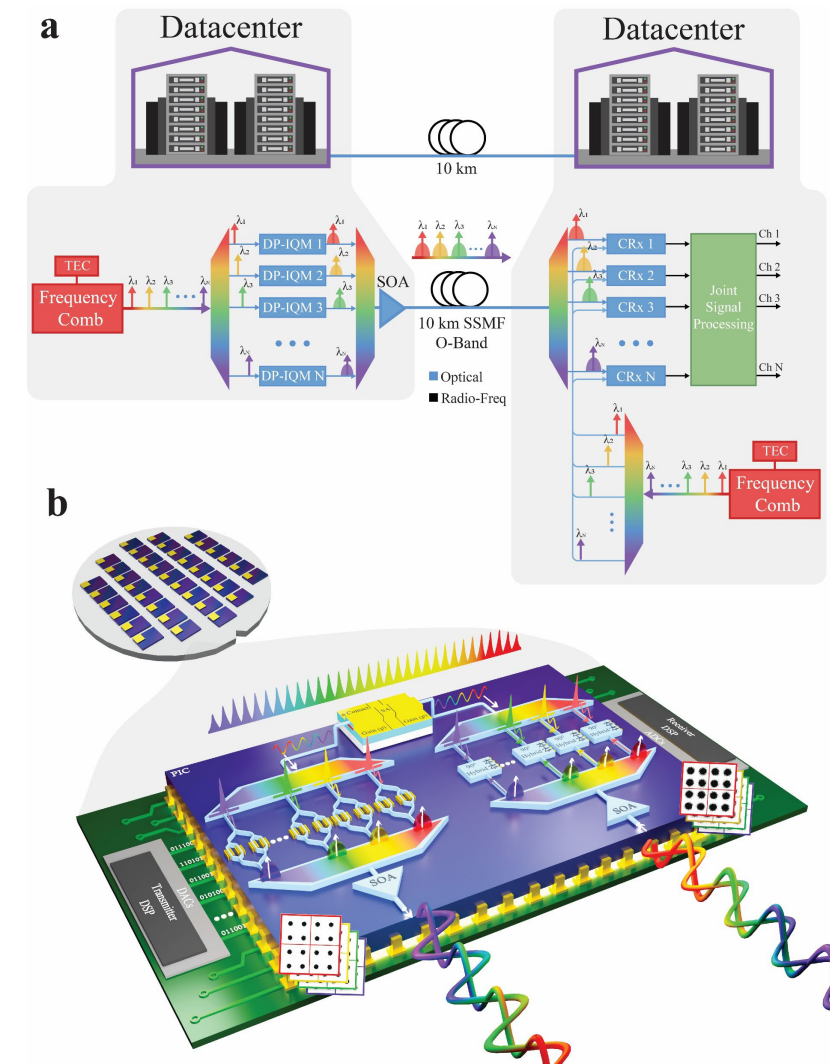
Net 12.4 Tbps O-band Coherent Transmission  
over 10 km Using a TFLN IQMs and  
Comb Lasers for Carrier and LO

**IMDD:** *Dense wavelength division multiplexing using comb sources*

- This solution relaxes the requirements on laser tuning to just one TEC controller and laser driver
- **Optical amplification** needed due to comb power
- **Requires very precise and stable optical Mux/demux process**
- **More prone to fiber non-linearities (FWM)**

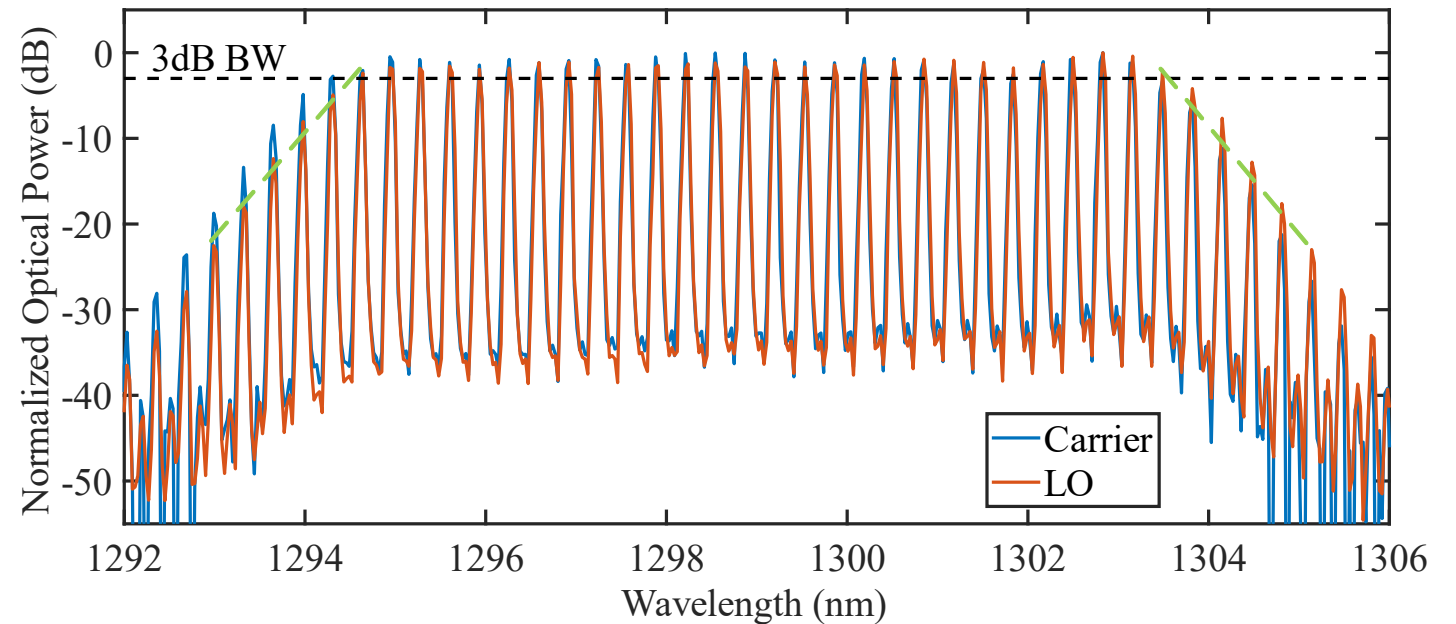
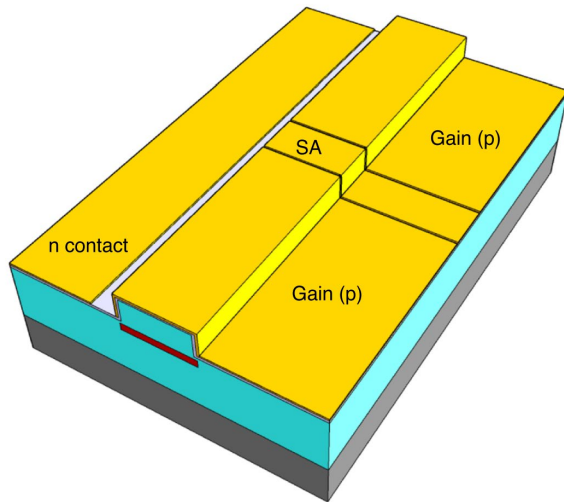
**Coherent:** *Dense wavelength division multiplexing using comb sources*

- This solution relaxes the requirements on laser tuning to just one TEC controller and laser driver
- Coherent detection relaxes requirements on optical Mux/Demux process
- DSP can tolerate  $\pm 1$  GHz of frequency offset
- More tolerant to four-wave mixing (FWM)
- **Optical amplification** needed due to comb power splitting over channels
- **More complexity**



# Quantim-Dot-Mode Locked Lasers (QD-MLL)

- ❑ InAs/GaAs QD lasers with 60 GHz spacing in the **O-band** →
  - No chromatic dispersion compensation
  - Relaxes laser linewidth requirements
- ❑ Single saturation absorber (SA) with cavity length: 1.35 mm
  - Comb spacing: 58.311 GHz
  - Number of lines within 3dB: 19
  - Max power/line: -3 dBm
  - Linewidth: ~10 KHz
  - Central wavelength: 1300 nm
  - Rate of side mode suppression: 12.5 dB/nm

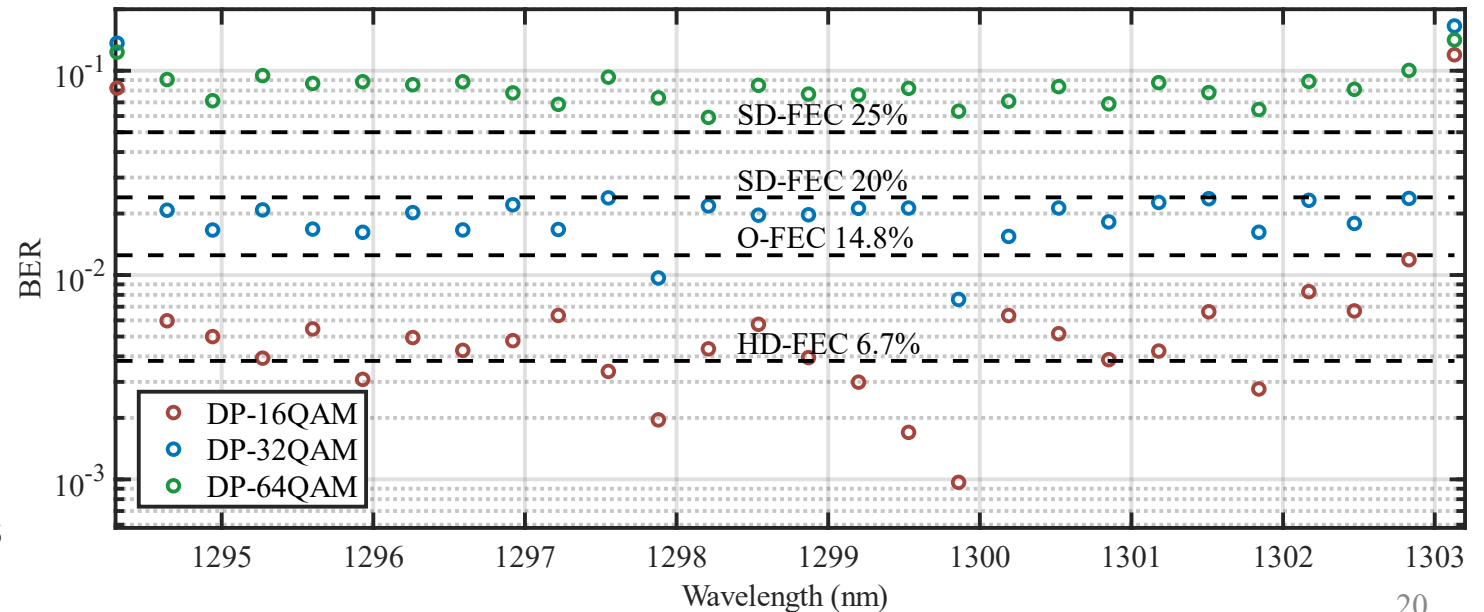
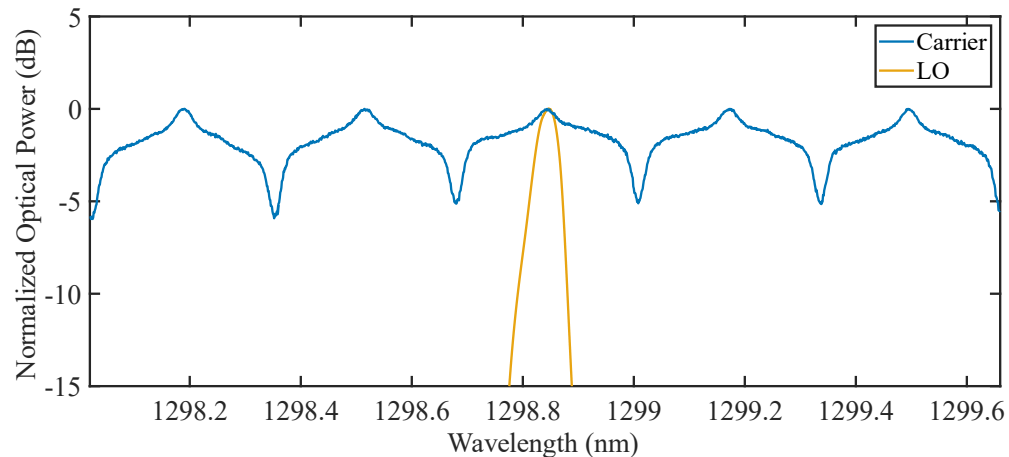
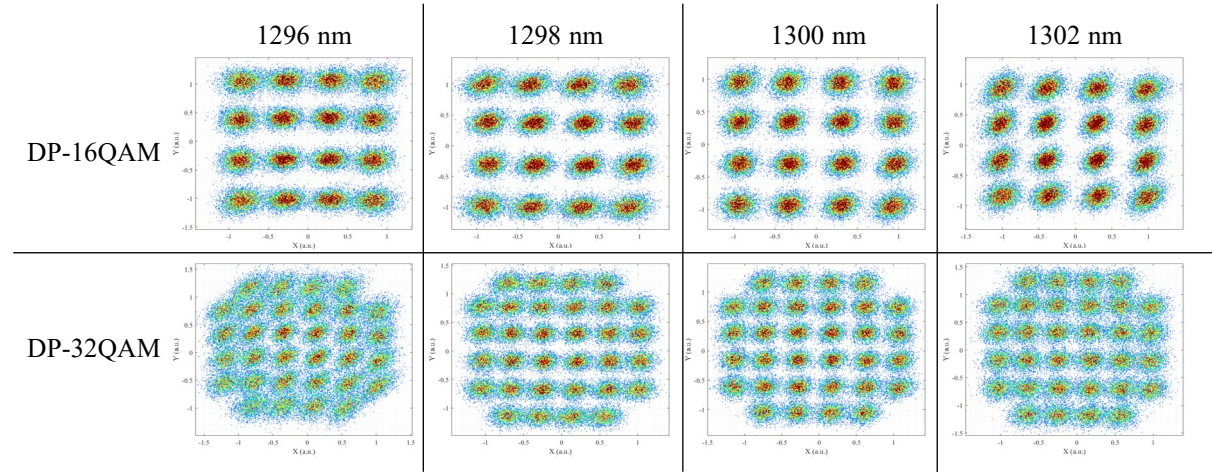


# Transmission with 2 QD-MLL - Carrier and LO

- O-band, 56 Gbaud, 10 km
- 26  $\lambda$ s using a sliding window of 5

□ Total net transmitted after FEC:

- DP-16QAM: 10.18 Tbps under 14.8% SD-FEC
- DP-32QAM: 12.14 Tbps under 20% SD-FEC



- What are the benefits of higher rates per lane vs. wavelength multiplexing vs. spatial multiplexing?
  - Higher rates are appropriate
  - Comb lasers may play a significant role in the deployment of IM/DD and coherent systems.
- What are the DSP challenges, and the electrical/optical component requirements?
  - DSP power consumption to be reduced, modulator drive voltages should become CMOS compatible, and modulator bandwidths need to increase.
- Direct-detection vs. coherent: when will the price levels meet?
  - Do believe that coherent will become a cost effective and power consumption effective solution for optical interconnect applications. Operating wavelength will be a topic of significant debate.